Private sector engagement in urban organic waste reduction

Experiences from C40 cities

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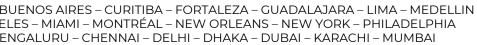
The C40 Cities network



ISTANBUL - LISBON - LONDON - MADRID - MILAN - OSLO - PARIS - ROME - ROTTERDAM - STOCKHOLM - TEL AVIV - WARSAW | LATIN AMERICA: BOGOTA - BUENOS AIRES - CURITIBA - FORTALEZA - GUADALAJARA - LIMA - MEDELLIN MEXICO CITY - RIO DE JANEIRO - SALVADOR - SÃO PAULO - SANTIAGO - QUITO | NORTH AMERICA: AUSTIN - BOSTON - CHICAGO - HOUSTON - LOS ANGELES - MIAMI - MONTRÉAL - NEW ORLEANS - NEW YORK - PHILADELPHIA PHOENIX - PORTLAND - SAN FRANCISCO - SEATTLE - TORONTO - VANCOUVER - WASHINGTON DC | SOUTH & WEST ASIA: AHMEDABAD - AMMAN - BENGALURU - CHENNAI - DELHI - DHAKA - DUBAI - KARACHI - MUMBAI

Directly representing almost 600 million residents

Influencing approximately 920 million people living and working in the wider city





Sustainable Waste Systems Network

The **Sustainable Waste Systems Network** supports Global South cities to reduce their carbon emissions by improving their waste management operations, prioritising organics diversion and recycling, ensuring financial and environmental sustainability while enabling a common baseline of universal collection and safe disposal.



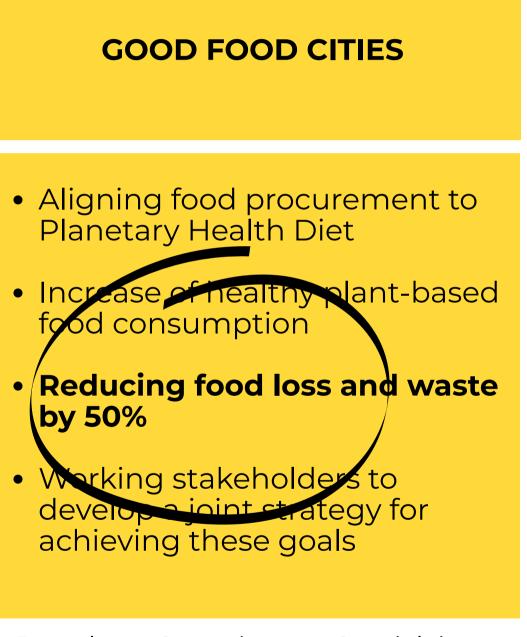
	FOCUS AREAS
01.	UNIVERSAL COLLECTION
	 Enhancing waste infrastructure development, technology evaluation, national and sub-national policy evaluation, deploying cost-effective and efficient waste collection and transportation services
02.	SAFE TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL
	 City strategies and policies designed to manage disposal and recovery facilities such as landfills, composting, landfill gas utilization, materials recovery facilities (MRFs) etc., eliminating open dumping, open burning and waste leakage, improving disposal quality, developing organic waste recovery infrastructure, improving recycling and segregation
03.	SUSTAINABLE FINANCE
	 Ensuring financial sustainability of new and existing waste infrastructure.

SIGNATORY CITIES COMMIT TO deliver by 2030.



Auckland, Boston, Copenhagen, London, Los Angeles, Melbourne, Milan, Montreal, New York City, Paris, Philadelphia, Portland, Rotterdam, San Francisco, Stockholm, Sydney, Tel Aviv – Yafo, Tokyo, Toronto, Vancouver, Washington DC Accra, Amman, Buenos Aires, Curitiba, Dar es Salaam, Dhaka South, Durban, Ekurhuleni, Freetown, Nairobi, Quito, Rio de Janeiro and Tshwane





Barcelona, Copenhagen, Guadalajara, Lima, London, Los Angeles, Milan, Montréal, New York City, Oslo, Paris, Quezon City, Seoul, Stockholm, Tokyo, Toronto

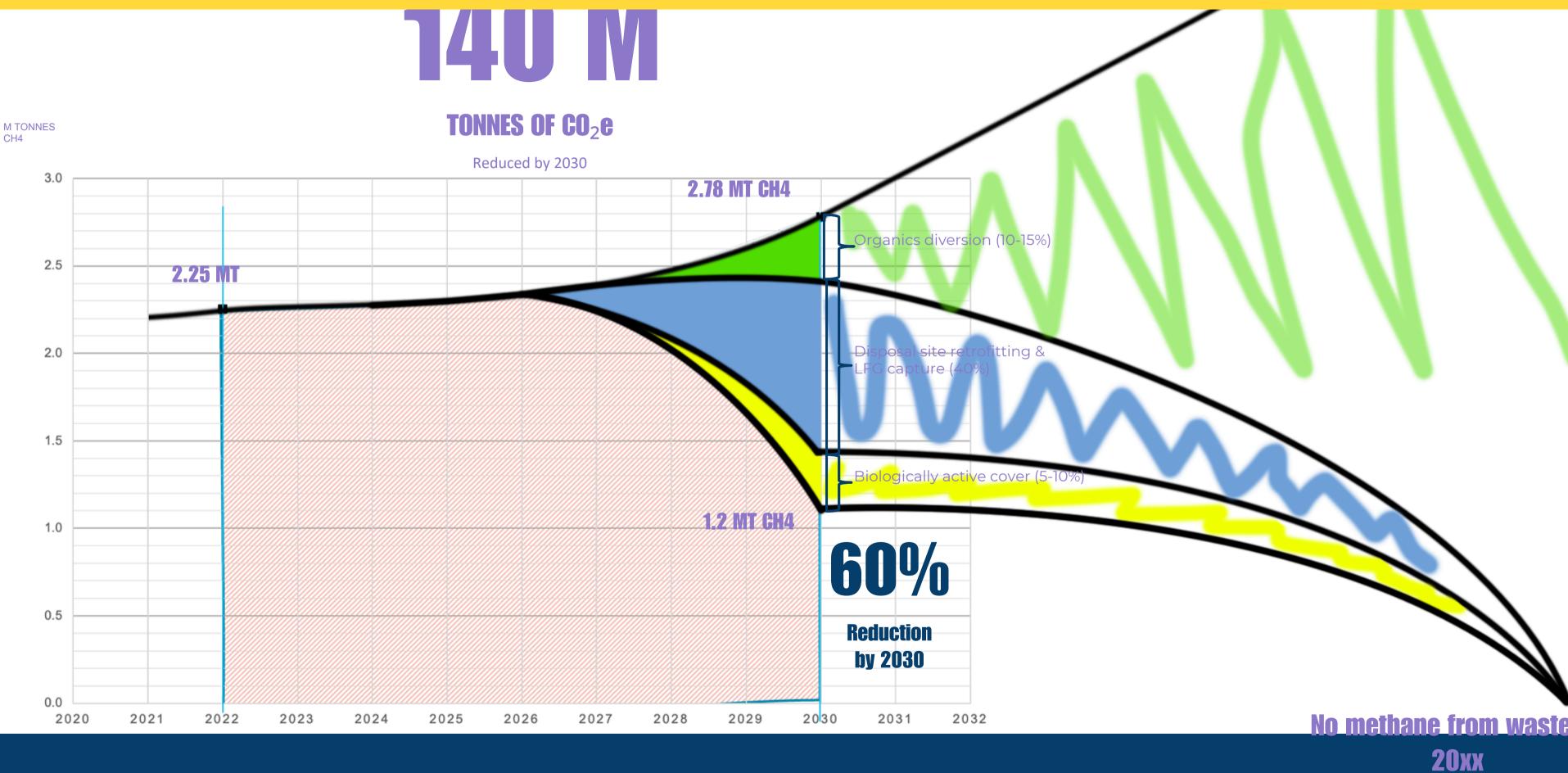
Waste Hierarchy

THE WASTE HIERARCHY WAS DEVELOPED IN THE 1970'S AND REFLECTS THE MOST SUSTAINABLE APPROACH TO WASTE MANAGEMENT



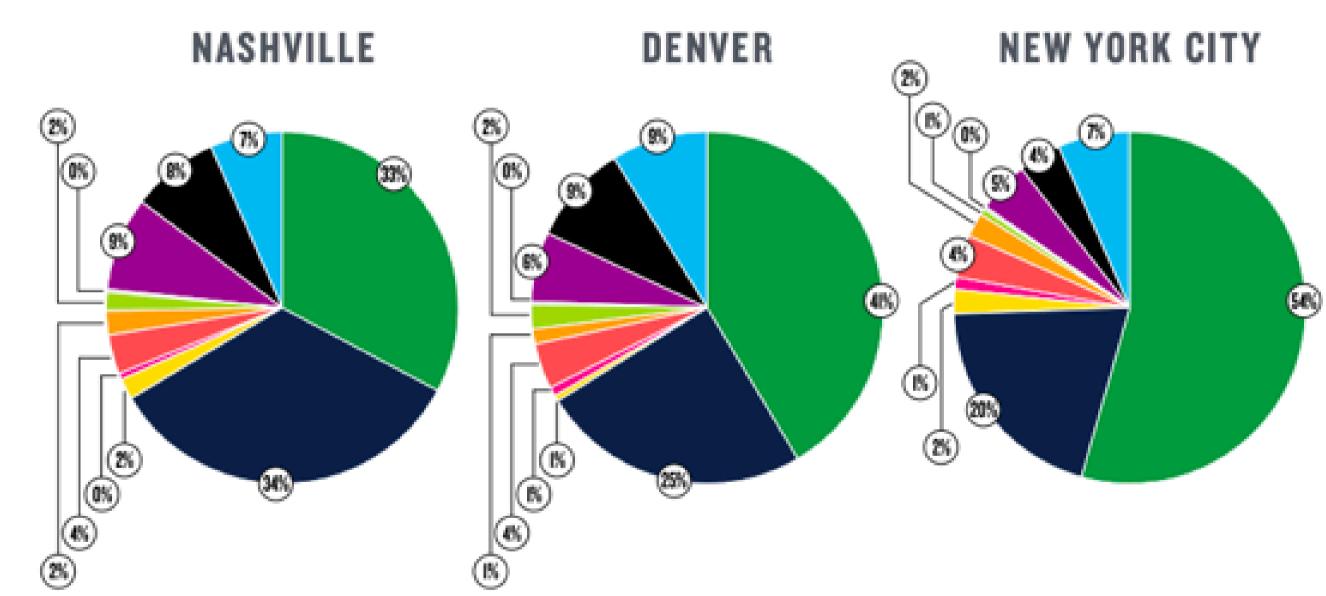


Planning for Impact 14U M



CH4

ESTIMATED FOOD WASTE GENERATED BY SECTOR



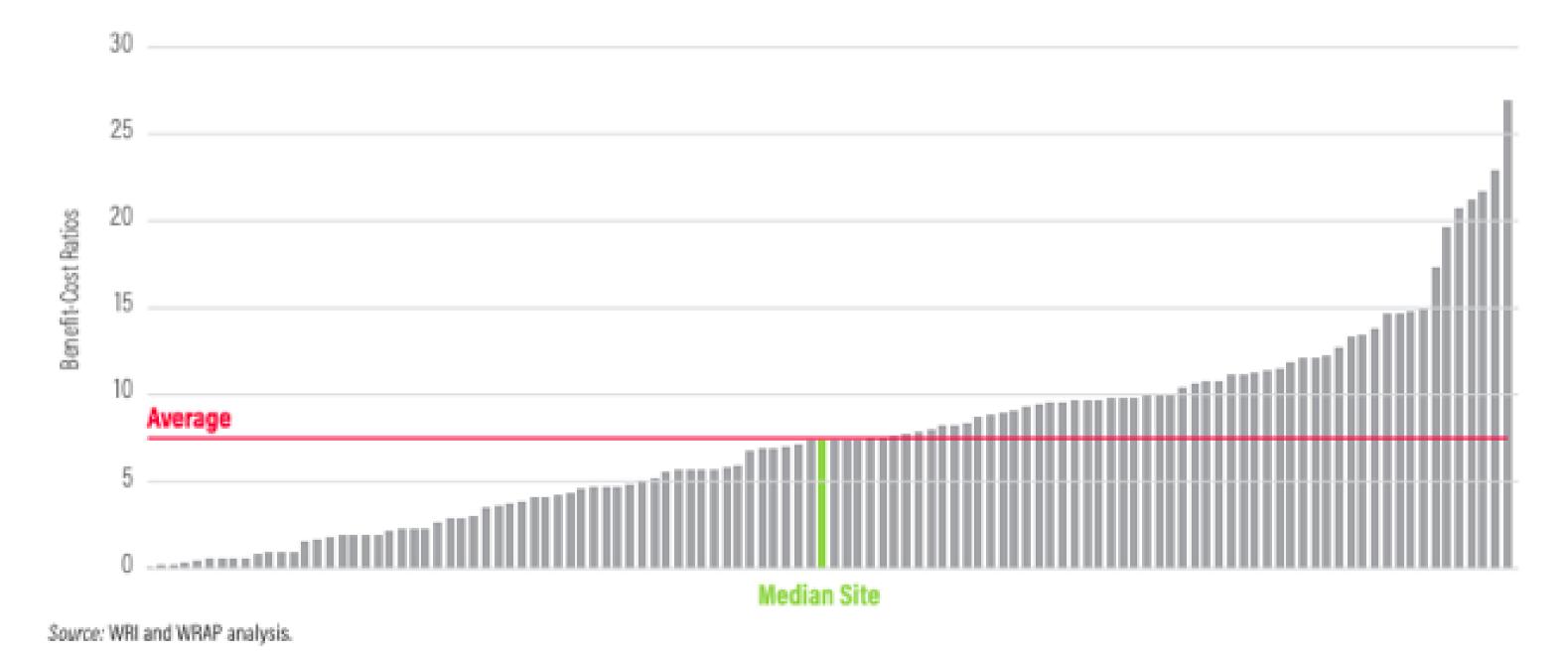
Source: NRDC, Estimating quantities and types of food waste at the city level, nrdc.org/sites/default/files/food-waste-city-level-report.pdf

- Residential
- Restaurants & Caterers
- **Colleges & Universities**
- K-12 Schools
- Hospitality
- **Health Care**
- Events & Recreation Facilities
- **Correctional Facilities**
- Grocers & Markets
- Food Wholesalers & Distributors
- Food Manufacturing
- & Processing



Financial Benefit-Cost Ratios for Restaurant Sites

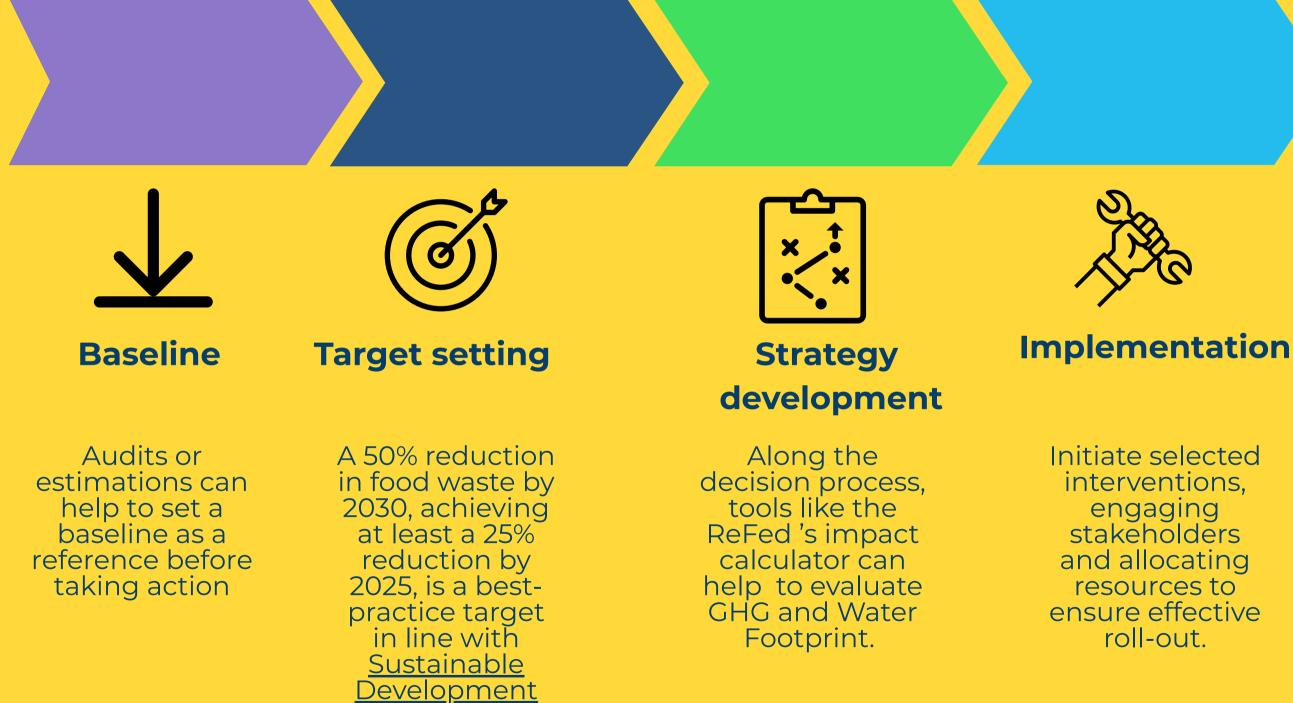
Food waste avoidance and recovery can have positive economic benefits for businesses and the local economy, and can create jobs. The average business is estimated to be able to achieve a <u>14:1 positive return</u> on investment in reducing food loss and waste. The 12.3 Champions report highlights that for every \$1 (or other relevant currency) invested in food loss and waste and waste reduction, half of the surveyed company sites realized a \$13 or greater return.



Source: Champions123 https://champions123.org/sites/default/files/2020-07/the-business-case-reducing-food-loss-and-waste-restaurants.pdf



Journey of action



Goal 12.3

interventions,



Evaluation

Monitor progress against targets, adjusting strategies as needed to maximize impact and document lessons learned.

Cities taking action

Measures cities can take to action on the part of city governments to strengthen the enabling environment for private sector actions and investments aimed at reducing



City action

1.Campaigns

Cities use media outlets, social media platforms, events and other opportunities to raise awareness



City examples

- Hong Kong media campaign <u>Food Wise</u>
- Washington, D.C. supports local groups' campaigns like <u>RescueDish</u>

Encouraging behavioural changes to reduce food waste at the source of the Food Wise Campaign. The campaign also promotes food donation, discourages the use of disposable plastic tableware, and supports government policies targeting carbon neutrality before 2050.

Hong Kong



City action

2.Collaborations & Partnerships

Cities can create a supportive framework that helps to coordinate action, share resources and exchange knowledge ultimately leading to more efficient and effective action.

City examples

- Stakeholder coordination and exchange -Washington, D.C. Food Recovery Working Group
- Direct support to solution providers -Support surplus food apps like Olio or Too Good To Waste



The working group is comprised of a variety of <u>partners</u> from food banks, non-profits and for-profits working on food recovery, DC government agencies, local environmental and sustainability organizations, and food recovery advocates.



City action **3.Build capacity**

Directly supporting the local business community with guidance, tools or technical support can accelerate reduction efforts.

City examples

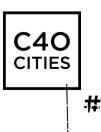
- London <u>FoodSave</u>: Audits for small and medium businesses
- Philadelphia <u>Business Guide</u> (including calculator tool to estimate how much waste a facility generates)
- Beaverton/Oregon: Guide for businesses Food Waste Stops with Me & technical <u>assistance</u>



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Food Waste **Stops With Me**

Beaverton/Oregon



City action

4.Legislation/incentives

Legislation can have massive impacts and bring additional planning security to the private sector, setting incentives/ fair environment for competitors and valueing behaviour in line with the cities' targets

City examples

- Milan: tax reduction and rescue hubs
- <u>Connecticut</u> mandates food waste donation
- Los Angeles addressed liability and health issues though a <u>food rescue guide</u>



Milan has set a 20 percent reduction on the waste tax awarded to donors of surplus food, combined with the development of a vast network in the city to absorb and redistribute the material donated.

Milan





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